The things we say...

The English are famous for the funny way they spell words and then say them quite differently. Think of words like "golf" and "wolf" or "some" and "home" that look very much the same but sound different. On the other hand there are words like "hear" and "here" or "where" and "wear" that do not look the same but still sound the same.

"When you see an English word Which you haven't ever heard Don't pronounce it at first sight. Look it up — and get it right!"

There is a way you can find out how to say a new English word. It is called *phonetics*, the sound language. All dictionaries use phonetics to help you pronounce the word you look up.

Activity 1: Most of the phonetics is very easy to understand. Which letters do these phonetics mostly look like?

ιзαυ

Activity 2: Can you read the following sentences?

[wı plei 'teibl 'tenis]We play table tennis[mai bed iz mai best pleis]My bed is my best place[ai laik mai neim. it iz nais]I like my name. It is nice.

Activity 3: Now look at the following sentences. They start the same but have some more words each. Can you read them?

[wi plei 'teibl 'tenis in sku:l] ... *in school* [mai bed iz mai best pleis tə sli:p in] ... *to sleep in* [ai laik jɔ: neim, tɒm. it iz nais, tu:] *I like your name, Tom. Is is nice, too*.

Activity 4: Look at the sentences above and answer these questions

1. How do we mark a long sound?	:
2. Which English word does [tə] stand for?	<u>to</u>
3. Which two sounds stand for "i"?	<u>ı i:</u>
4. Which two sounds stand for "o"?	<u>D</u>
5. What do you think the '-mark stands for?	stress



Activity 5a: What do you think the witch says to the girl?

['dəunt 'wʌrı, 'fələu mi:, aıl gıv ju: ə bə'nɑ:nə] Don't worry, follow me, I'll give you a banana.

Activity 5b: Which Swedish letter is closest to the [ə] -sound? ______

[teik it 'i:zi]	Listen to me!
['bʌtən jɔ: lɪps]	Hurry up!
[lend mi: jɔ: ıə]	Don't tell anybody.
[ki:p It da:k]	 Calm down!
[get ə mu:v ɒn]	Keep it a secret!

Activity 6: Read the phonetics and choose the right meaning.

Activity 7a: Match the sounds with the words.

sea		[9]	[e]		cup
an	$\overline{\langle}$	[3:]	[ɑ]	\mathbf{i}	pet
fast		[i:]	[1]		put
small		[u:]	[ʊ] /	\bigwedge	stop
school		\[a:]	[Λ] /		hit

Activity 7b: Which of the sounds above is in the following words?

sick	Ι	come	Λ	on	D
luck	Λ	little	Ι	chance	a:
look	υ	talk	э:	a	ð
teach	i:	door	э:	car	a:
food	u:	hot	a	get	e
meat	i:	dead	e	the	ə

name	[31]	[aɪ] boat
here	[eə]	[uə] I
hair	<pre>[I9]</pre>	[əʊ] tour
boy	[eI]	[av] house

Activity 8a: Match the sounds with the words.

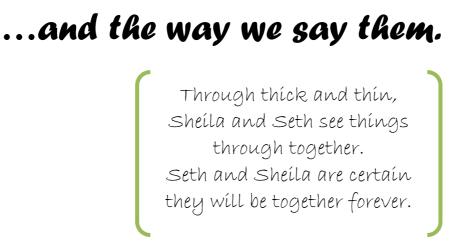
Activity 8b: Which sound above is in the following words?

eight	еі	noise	JI	coat	ວບ
light	aı	chair	еә	mouse	au
sure	ບຈ	poor	ບຈ	like	aı
cheer	IƏ	cow	au	home	ວບ
choice	JI	where	еә	hour	a ບ ຈ
lady	еі	fear	IƏ	parents	еә

Activity 9: Read the names of the pictures in phonetics:

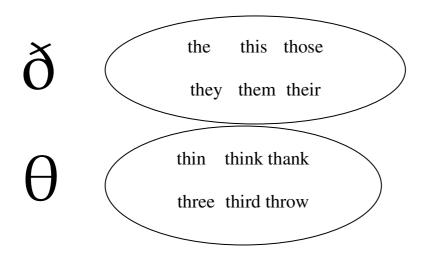


[b3:d] [w3:d] [w3:m] [g3:l] [bæg] [¹æpl] [hæt] [hænd] bird, word, worm, girl, bag, apple, hat, hand



Some of the English sounds are so special that there are not enough letters in the alphabet to describe them.

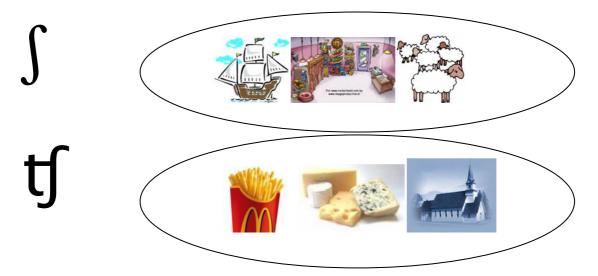
Activity 1: Read the words in the bubbles. The first sound in the words is marked on the side.



Activity 2: Which of the two sounds above do these words begin with?

thick	θ	these	ð	thirteen	θ
that	ð	thing	θ	there	ð

Activity 3: Which words do the pictures in the bubbles represent? The first sound in the words is marked on the side.



Activity 4: Work in pairs. Say the words above to each other. Listen to them and think: What is the difference with the sounds?

<u>_The ones below start with a t-sound</u>

Write the words down

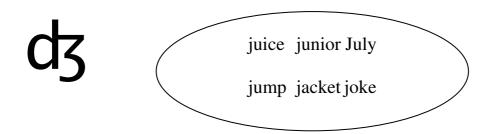
ship	shop	sheep
<u>chips</u>	<u>cheese</u>	church

Think: What is the difference now?

<u>_The ones with a tf-sound are spelled with 'ch', f-sound with 'sh'.</u>

Activity 5: Practise saying this tongue twister as fast as possible.

Chopstíck shops stock chopstícks. Chopstíck shops stock chopstícks. Chopstíck shops stock chopstícks. Activity 6: Read the words in the bubbles. The first sound in each word is marked on the side.



Activity 7: Group game. Make a list of as many words as possible where there is the d₃-sound. The group that has most correct words is the winner.

Activity 8: Which sound do the following words start with? Write them down under the correct sound.

theatre	check	shoe	shadow	cheap	short
chair	thirty	theirs	then	thought	jeans
Jack	shoot	therefore	giraffe		

dз	ť	ſ	θ	ð
jeans	check	shoe	theatre	theirs
Jack	cheap	shadow	thirty	then
giraffe	chair	short	thought	therefore
		shoot		

Activity 9: Practise saying this tongue twister as fast as possible.

A gentle judge judges justly. A gentle judge judges justly. A gentle judge judges justly.

3 is the sound at the end of the word "massage" [mə´sa:3] \mathfrak{Y} is the sound of "ng" as in "singing" ['SIŋIŋ]

I saw Charlíe Cutting sitting In Oscar Cutting's chair, And Oscar Cutting was sitting cutting Charlie Cutting's hair.

Activity 10 a: Can you explain what these proverbs mean?

[hız ba:k ız w3:z ðæn hız baɪt]

<u>His bark is worse than his bite</u>

[\mathfrak{I} :l gud θ ıŋz mast kam tə ən end]

All good things must come to an end

[wen ðə kæt iz ə'wei ðə mais wil plei]

When the cat is away the mice will play

[nəu nju:z iz gud nju:z]

No news is good news

['betə leit ðæn 'nevə]

Better late than never

Activity 10 b: Add the idioms from above into the story below.

Last Saturday night my parents were out. My mom said she would call and say goodnight to me at ten o'clock. They would be out late after midnight she promised. Well, <u>When the cat is away the mice will play</u> I thought and invited all my friends to a party.

We had really fun dancing and laughing. By ten o'clock I started waiting for my mom's call and asked everybody to be quiet. She didn't call and I was getting worried, but my friends said:

<u>No news is good news</u> so let's go on with the party. Your parents are probably having so much fun that they forgot to phone.

An hour later I heard a buzz, shouted "Quiet!" to my friends, "my mum is phoning at last!" and I ran to the phone thinking: <u>Better late than never</u>. But there was nobody on the phone.

My blood froze when I saw my mom and my dad both standing at the door. It had been the doorbell! My dad was furious. He started yelling at me, and my friends started leaving the house. I tried to say to them not to get afraid because I know my dad, <u>*His bark is worse than his bite*</u>. He just shouts and then everything is all right again.

Oh well, <u>All good things must come to an end</u> I sighed when I went to bed and left my parents cleaning the house after me. Activity 11: Write these proverbs in English. Can you think of a Swedish proverb that means the same as these English ones below

[spi:k 12 's1lvə, 'sa1ləns 12 gəuld]

Speak is silver, silence is gold._____

Sw:

Tala är silver, tiga är guld.

[du: In rəʊm əz ðə 'rəʊmənz du:]

Do in Rome as the Romans do.

Sw:

Gör i Rom som Romarna gör.

[kıl tu: b3:dz wıð wAn hænd]

Kill two birds with one hand.

Sw:

<u>Slå två flugor i en smäll.</u>

[ıts ði '3:lı b3:d ðæt 'kæt∫ız ðə w3:m]

It's the early bird that catches the worm.

Sw:

Morgonstund har guld I mun. (närmast)

[3:1 IZ wel ðæt endz wel]

All is well that ends well.

Sw:

Slutet got, allt gott.

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Down

- 1. [swi:dɪ∫] Swedish
- 2. [frendz] friends
- 3. [´fa:ðə] *father*
- 4. [´stʌdɪ] *study*
- 7. [´nju:z,peipə] newspaper
- 8. ['lesən] lesson
- 9. ['kla:srum] classroom
- 10. [´a:ftəˌnu:n] afternoon
- 13. [´ti:n_leɪdʒə] teenager
- 14. [´a:nsə] answer
- 16. [´dɪnə] dinner
- 19. ['læŋwick] language
- 22. ['brʌðə] brother
- 23. ['fæməlı] family

Across

- 5. [´ıŋglı∫] English
- 6. ['kwestfən] question
- 11. [´sɪstə] *sister*
- 12. ['brekfəst] breakfast
- 15. ['i:vnIŋ] evening
- 17. [naɪt] night
- 18. [´sku:l_ibuk] *school book*
- 20. ['i:tɪŋ] eating
- 21. ['hobi:z] hobbies
- 24. [sli:p] sleep
- 25. [´mɔ:nɪŋ] morning

